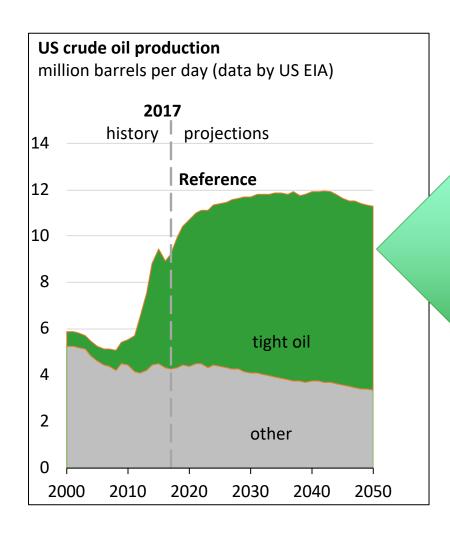


Methaforming: Production of gasoline from naphtha and ethanol at 1/3 the cost



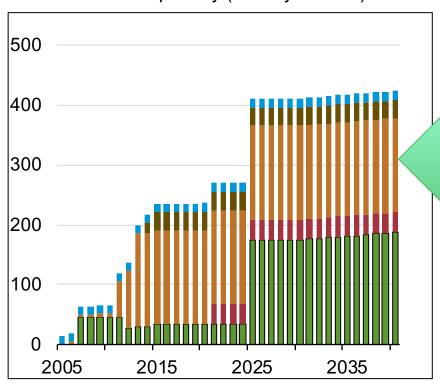
Trend 1:

Refiners do and will need more capacity to process lighter fractions of oil



Global gas-to-liquids (GTL) plant output

Thousand barrels per day (data by US EIA)



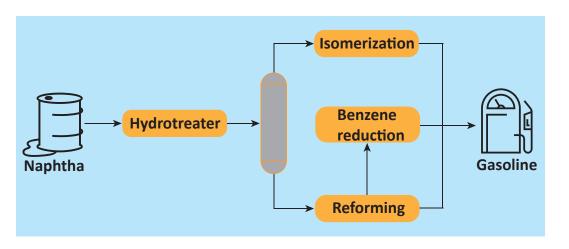
Trend 2:

GTL plant operators will need to process ~200 k bpd of new GTL naphtha

- Carbon tax, cap-and-trade;
 e.g. California LCFS with
 \$180-200/ton of CO₂, ~\$200m
 daily trading volume.
- Making 1 gal of gasoline produces 2.5 lb of CO₂.
- At ~1 billion tons of CO₂ per year, the oil refining industry is the world's 3rd largest polluter.

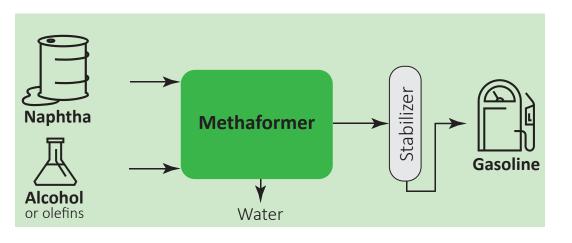
Trend 3:

Reducing CO₂ emissions has become an economic matter



Incumbent technology:

- 5 processing steps
- Multiple reheats → fuel burn
- Needs scale to turn a profit (>> 5k bpd, ~200k tpa*)



Methaforming:

- Single step, less fuel burn
- Efficient → ¹/₅ CO₂ emissions
- Can use <u>renewable</u> and low value feeds
- Profitable from 50 bpd, 2k tpa

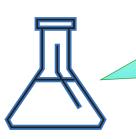


Feeds (lists are incomplete)

2/3 to 4/5
naphtha

- Light virgin naphtha
- Full range naphtha
- Condensate
- Diluent
- Natural gasoline
- Raffinate

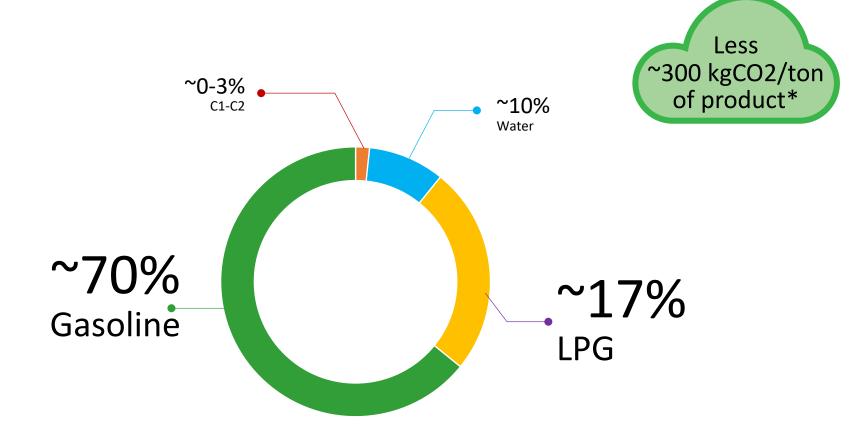
1/5 to 1/3 alcohol, ether or olefins



- (Bio) ethanol
- Methanol
- FCC dry gas

Products





Value uplift can exceed \$20 per barrel

^{*} Compared to traditional processing pathway. Can be worth an additional ~\$50-60 per ton of product.

- First commercial plant (2017)
- 150 bpd
- Value uplift up to \$45/bbl





First large scale commercial plant announced in May 2019



Methaformer vs Traditional Reforming Suite (HDS+semi-regen)

| New 215 K tpa unit (5 K BPD) | Methaforming | Alternative | Δ Methaforming - Alternative |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Yields*, \$ million/yr | 29 | 24 | + 5 |
| OpEx, \$ million/yr | 8 | 12 | - 4 |
| CapEx, \$ million | 25 | 55 | - 30 |
| Total NPV, \$ million | 120 | 20 | + 100 |

Net present value @12% is \$100 million higher



Convert Semi-regen Reformer

| Existing 860 K tpa unit (20 K BPD) | Methaforming | Alternative | Δ Methaforming - Alternative |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Yields, \$million/yr | 126 | 95 | + 31 |
| OpEx, \$million/yr | 13 | 23 | - 10 |
| CapEx, \$million | 20 | - | + 20 |
| Total NPV, \$million | 750 | 490 | + 260 |

Net present value of conversion @12% is \$260 million



Grassroots Unit to Process Raffinate and FCC dry gas

| New 88 K tpa unit (2 K BPD) | Our Unit | Alternative (direct blending) | Δ Our Unit - Alternative |
|---------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Yields, \$million/yr | 62 | 41 | +21 |
| OpEx, \$million/yr | 4 | 0 | +4 |
| CapEx, \$million | 14 | 0 | +14 |
| Total NPV, \$million | +100 | n/a | +100 |

Net present value @12% is \$100 million



Summary

Upgrade low octane naphtha by \$130-330/ton

Produce gasoline from naphtha and alcohol at 1/3 the cost with comparable yields

